

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XXIV. NO. 50

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1908

The Portsmouth Daily Republican merged with The Herald, July 1, 1902.

PRICE 2 CENTS

INCREASED NET REVENUE EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS

Says Annual Report of York Harbor and Beach Railroad

According to the annual report of the York Harbor and Beach Railroad Company, which has been filed at the office of the Maine board of railroad commissioners in Augusta, the operating revenues for the past year were \$45,974.66 against \$13,292.95 for the preceding year, an increase of \$2,681.61; operating expenses, \$20,519.12 against \$32,637.62 for the preceding year, a decrease of \$5788.50; net operating revenue, \$19,125.47 against \$10,655.33 for the preceding year, an increase of \$8470.14.

The operating expenses are divided as follows: station employees, \$3,319.70; motormen, \$2000.62; fuel for road locomotives, \$4761.18; road trainmen, \$2189.51; maintenance of way and structures, \$7950.29; maintenance of equipment, \$3077.14; traffic expenses, \$227.25; transportation expenses, \$15,479.56; general expenses, \$84.88.

Other items in the report are as follows: Number of passengers carried earning revenue, 212,107; number of passengers carried one mile, 302,582; number of passengers carried one mile per mile of road, \$6.815; number of tons carried of freight earning revenue, 37,921; number of tons of freight carried one mile, 208,141; number of tons of freight carried one mile per mile of road, 18,083; whole number of stockholders, 82; average number of stockholders in Maine, 31; average number of employees, 40.

NAVY ORDERS

Ensigns B. J. Greene, from the Pensacola Dec. 3 to the Charleston, sailing from San Francisco Dec. 5. Midshipman W. H. Walsh, from hospital treatment, Mare Island, to hospital treatment, Las Animas, Cal.

Passed Assistant Surgeon F. H. Brooks, naval hospital, Boston, to navy recruiting station, Cleveland. Acting Naval Constructor G. C. Westervelt, Dec. 7 to home- and granted one month leave.

Ensign T. G. Elyson from the Rainbow to temporary command at Villalobos.

Passed Assistant Surgeon F. M. Munson, from the Decatur to treatment at the naval hospital, Canacao. Assistant Surgeon H. L. Kelley, Cavite in duty with first torpedo flotilla on the Decatur.

Midshipman E. W. Tod, from the Denver to temporary duty on the Samar.

Arrived—Lebanon, Abarenda, Powhatan and Pentucket at New York; Eagle at Guantanamo; Salem at Boston.

Sailed—Dapunt, Cushing and Mackenzie, Norfolk to Charleston.

The mail address of the first and second divisions of the Pacific fleet and the Yorktown will be in care of the postmaster, New York City, until further notice.

TO START BOX FACTORY

Edson Penslee, the Plaistow saw-mill owner, has had the plot surveyed and ground broken for a box factory at Westville village.

Baby won't suffer five minutes with cramp if you apply Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil at once. It acts like magic.

KITTERY LETTER

Christian Endeavor Union Program

Gipsy Moth Hunter Is Badly Injured

Townpeople Suffer Epidemic of Severe Colds

Man Found in Waiting Room Had Bled Freely

Kittery, Me., Nov. 21.—The services tomorrow at the Seaside Christian church will be in the following order: Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Edward H. Macy, at 10.30 a. m.; subject of sermon, "A King's Successor," followed by the session of the Bible school. The Junior League will meet in the vestry at 3.00 p. m. and will be led by Miss Estella Creamer. At the six o'clock service of the Christian Endeavor Society the subject will be "Gratitude and How to Express It" and will be led by Miss Margaret Jackson. There will be no service at seven o'clock as the church is in unite with the Second Methodist church at that time in a union service.

An epidemic of colds seems to be prevalent in town just now.

Regular meeting of Riverside Lodge of Odd Fellows will be held in Odd Fellows' Hall Monday evening.

Order the Herald for three months delivered at your home for one dollar and have all the latest local news. Mrs. H. W. Trefethen of Clinton, Mass., is the guest of relatives in town.

Rev. G. D. Crane of Pawtucket, R. I., and Rev. Wesley A. Paige of Rochester, N. H., are the speakers at the Seaside Union meeting to be held Dec. 3.

Members of E. G. Parker Post, G. A. R., were in attendance on the annual inspection of Storers' Post, No. 1, in Portsmouth last Wednesday evening.

Mr. Daniel W. Lydston, who has been confined to his home for the past two weeks with an attack of rheumatism, is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Latta of Love Lane left on Thursday for a week's visit with relatives in Boston.

Mr. C. R. Philbrick of York Harbor has recently been the guest of Oliver Philbrick.

Hon. Moses Safford has been in Concord this week on business.

Mrs. Ida Marshall of York was a visitor in town yesterday, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Ned Paul.

Seaside Christian Endeavor

Rev. E. H. Macy, of the program committee of Seaside Christian Endeavor Union, announces the program for the convention to be held at the four street Christian church in Portsmouth on Dec. 3, as follows: 2.30 p. m., Praise and devotional service, led by Rev. Edward H. Macy.

2.45, Greeting to delegates and response.

3.00, Address, Rev. Wesley A. Paige of Rochester, vice president of New Hampshire state Union.

3.30, Vocal solo, Rev. Edward Hall Macy of Kittery.

Offering.

3.45, Address, "Our Boys," Rev. C. D. Crane, Pawtucket, R. I., past president and field secretary of Maine state Union.

4.15, Business session, annual roll call, election of officers, presentation of banner for largest gain in active membership, reports from societies, etc.

5.00, Refresh. Basket luncheon, tea and coffee served to all; refreshments to officers and speakers.

7.00, Praise and devotional service, Rev. James A. Donahue, Kittery Point, secretary of New England Christian Endeavor Society.

7.15, Address, Echoes from New Hampshire State Convention, Rev. William Stanley, Baptist church, Portsmouth.

Vocal solo, Miss Ethel Seavey.

Offering.

7.45, Address, "A Christian Endeavor Society of Long Ago," Rev. Charles D. Crane.

8.30, Consecration service, Rev. Mr. Hall.

Mitpach benediction.

The officers of Seaside Union are: Harriet A. Seavey, president; Lilian P. Goodrich, secretary; Edward H. Macy, chorister.

Kittery Point

1. E. Cotton of the gipsy moth force received a severe cut in his foot. Dr. Nell of Portsmouth was called and dressed the wound. Mr. Cotton will be laid up for some time.

Mr. Ivory Emery, while at work on the navy yard, got one of his fingers crushed. Dr. Carby dressed the wound.

A marine, said to be named O'Shea, was found in the Locke's Cove waiting room this morning, suffering from exposure and several bad cuts about the head. He is supposed to have tried to walk over the Atlantic Shore Line railway bridge in the dark and to have fallen among the ties where there is no flooring and that he crawled into the waiting room for shelter. Notice was sent to the marine barracks and a squad was sent after the injured man to take him home. He had bled freely.

EVENTS OF ELIOT

Rebuilding Dam Where There Used to Be a Mill

Great Increase in Amount of Yellow Corn in Farmers' Barns

Eliot, Me., Nov. 21.

John Barnard has begun rebuilding the dam on the Nathaniel Staples place, which he owns. The location is near the center of the town on the floodwin's Log stream, where a former dam once furnished power for a small mill. It is understood that Mr. Barnard will use the dam to hold back water for ice, but that he contemplates replacing the old mill in the near future.

William E. Cole of South Eliot is able to be out again. He has had a severe turn of acute liver trouble.

A large amount of yellow field corn has been raised in Eliot this year, owing to the farmers feeling that it is cheaper to raise it than to pay the high prices for western grain. Among the farmers growing more than a hundred bushels are Victor Jenkins, Raymond Clark, Chester Frost, John Wesley Remick, Charles Garland, Augustus Shapleigh and others. Mr. Shapleigh is nearly eighty years of age and the large fields of yellow corn seem like old times to him.

Ernest B. Cole has begun work on an addition to the front of his residence on Cross street. The front hall is carried out farther than the rest of the building and transformed into a room available for living room uses. The addition is two stories.

Samuel Carter is doing the work.

Guns along the river are making considerable comment on the lateness of the flights of game birds. It is well past the middle of November and good flocks of geese and ducks are still coming from the

PORTSMOUTH GIRL WEDS LIEUTENANT IN THE NAVY

Miss Etheldreda Downing Hovey Married to Lieutenant Scudder Klyce

Married in Portsmouth, at St. John's church at noon today, Nov. 21, by Rt. Rev. Edward Melville Parker, bishop coadjutor of the diocese of New Hampshire, Protestant Episcopal church, Lieutenant Scudder Klyce, U. S. N., of Fayetteville, Ark., and Miss Etheldreda Downing Hovey, youngest daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Henry Emerson Hovey of Portsmouth.

The groom is a graduate of the United States Naval Academy and is now attached to the U. S. S. Paducah as chief engineer.

The bride has many friends in Portsmouth, which has always been her home city, for her father has been twenty-five years rector of St. John's church. She is a graduate of the St. John the Baptist Episcopal school on Stuyvesant square, New York city. For several years she has passed the greater part of the time away from home and spent a considerable portion of last year in a European tour.

The decorations made it a "chrysanthemum wedding", the predominant feature being white chrysanthemums. A touch of green was obtained by the use of palms and smilax and the arches were trimmed in smilax and chrysanthemums.

The bridal dress was of white chiffon cloth over white satin, with a veil of real lace, which is an heirloom in the family and has been previously worn by her sisters. The bride carried white chrysanthemums. Her traveling dress is of blue broadcloth with blue velvet hat.

The bridesmaid, Miss Frederika Carlotta Prentiss of New York, wore a gown of cream lace with large white hat having black plumes. Her flowers were rose colored chrysanthemums.

The matrons of honor, Mrs. William Marston Scudder of New York and Mrs. Austin Kautz of Newport, R. I., sisters of the bride, were crowned in champagne-colored veils with rose-colored velvet hats.

The ribbon bearers were Misses Lapeard and Etheldreda Scudder, aged six and four years, nieces of the bride. They wore white linen with embroidered sailor collars and white heavier hats.

The bride's mother wore black lace over white cloth.

The sister, Miss Hovey, wore black

crepe de chine with white lace. The ushers were Paymaster Lewis Wise Jennings, U. S. N., stationed on the Paducah; Dr. James Brushley DeBruiter, U. S. N., stationed on the Paducah; Lieutenant John Willis Greenstade, U. S. N., stationed on the Paducah; Lieutenant Austin Kautz, U. S. N., of Newport, torpedo station; Mr. William Marston Scudder of New York city; and Mr. Richard Bruff Lyon of Morristown, N. J.

There was a large gathering of invited relatives and friends at the church, which was open half an hour before the ceremony. The organ was played by Mr. W. W. McIntire while the party was assembling.

Among the guests from a distance were Miss Isabel Folsom, Mr. Samuel Folsom, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Folsom, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Prentiss and the Misses Prentiss from New York; Miss Evie Sherburne from Boston; Miss Robbins from Lowell, Mass.

At noon the strains of the Lohengrin wedding march announced the entrance of the wedding procession, first the tiny ribbon bearers, the six ushers, the bridesmaid and matrons of honor and the bride accompanied by her father. They were met at the altar by Bishop Parker, the groom and the best man, Lieutenant Commander James Robert Young, Blakely, U. S. N., of the New York navy yard.

Bishop Parker pronounced the impressive words of the marriage ceremony and the Mendelssohn wedding march proclaimed departure from the church.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast and a short reception were tendered the out-of-town guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Klyce will take an afternoon train for their wedding tour, going in the direction of the Berkshires.

Among the many valuable presents were gifts from the groom's fellow officers and from the men in the engineering division on the U. S. S. Paducah. The gift from the officers is a large silver dish. The men gave a fine silver tea set, which is the more appreciated as it was unexpected, and will be treasured as a token of regard from those working under the groom's personal oversight.

ARRESTED FOR BUFFALO POLICE

Andrew Ciasuch Taken When Released from the Naval Prison

Today Police Officers Kelly and Burke made an important capture in the arrest of Andrew Ciasuch, alias George A. Schovan, wanted as a fugitive from justice by the police of Buffalo, N. Y.

A few days ago the police department received word that this man, who is a coal passer in the navy, was wanted and Officers Burke and Kelly were assigned to the case. They soon learned that the man was long time on one of the prison ships at the navy yard and then awaited other developments.

Today, Ciasuch was discharged and came across the river intending to take a train after being released from the service and the prison ship. The police got busy again and he

for the arrival of the westbound train they arrested the man on a warrant issued by the authorities of Erie county. The local police department then notified Superintendent Ryan of the Buffalo police, who will send an officer at once to take Ciasuch back to Buffalo.

The warrant is made out in the peculiar New York form and charges the man with being a fugitive from justice, but does not state the crime which he is alleged to have committed.

Ciasuch was surprised when arrested but took it philosophically and talked freely with the police. He said that he supposed the charge against him is desertion of his wife and family which is a misdemeanor under the New York statutes.

the remodeled Methodist church at Kittery where he resides and also has the pastorate of that parish. A large number of those in the South Eliot Methodist church on Sunday. The pastor, Rev. Daniel Gustafson will be occupied at the rehabilitation of



Come now—for Linens

OUR THANKSGIVING LINEN EVENT

This event comes at a time most opportune. The Thanksgiving feast is incomplete without immaculate covers and snowy napkins for the table and choice fancy linens for sideboard and buffet. Excellent linens that particular housewives can be proud of can be obtained during this sale very unexpensively.

Table Linens

Mercerized Damask, 56 inches wide.....	25c yd
Bleached Damask, 64 inches wide, Bow Knot pattern.....	39c yd
Bleached Damask, 62 inches wide, pretty Fern pattern.....	39c yd
Bleached Damask, 2 yards wide, Lily pattern.....	75c yd
Fine Table Damask, 2 yards wide, Lily of Valley and Rose pattern.....	1.37 yd
Napkins to match.....	2.75 and 3.50 doz
Unbleached Damask, 54 inches wide, good quality.....	25c yd
Fine Unbleached Damask, Grecian Border and Polka Dot.....	69c yd
Damask Pattern Sets.....	4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 7.00 to 9.50 set
Hemstitched Table Covers, 8-4 size.....	1.75 and 2.50

Napkins

All Linen Damask Napkins, at.....	89c, 1.00, 1.25 up
Damask Napkins, good size, hemmed ready for use.....	1.39 doz
Damask Napkins, 22 inches.....	1.43 doz
Nine Damask Napkins in a great variety of choice patterns, at.....	2.50, 2.75, 3.00 to 5.00 doz
Hemstitched Tray Cloths.....	1.10
Fringed Doilies.....	6c to 25c each
Lunch Cloths, 1½ yards square, hemstitched.....	1.87 each
Lunch Sets, 19 pieces, 6 Plate Doilies, 6 Finger Bowl Doilies, 6 Tumbler Doilies, 1 larger Center Piece.....	5.25 and 6.00 set

China, Glass and Kitchen Furnishings

English Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, 112 pieces, Blue or Green decoration, worth 12.00 set, at.....	7-98
Austrian China Dinner Set, Rosebud pattern, full set, regular price 25.00, at.....	19-75
Haviland China "Princess" Stock Pattern, very pretty Floral Spray decoration, sold in sets or separate pieces.....	45.00 set
Thin Blown Table Tumblers, etched designs, regular 75c goods, at.....	45c doz
Colonial Tumblers, 60c grade.....	39c doz
Common Tumblers, 25c value.....	14c doz
1.25 Nickel Tea Kettles.....	95c

Fancy Decorated Plates, all our 25c goods, at.....	12½c
Japanese Tea Pots.....	25c
Large Size Roasting Pans with Cover, 75c value.....	42c
Chopping Knives.....	8c
Meat Choppers, 1.00 size.....	8c
3 Quart Pudding Pans, Gray Enamel.....	10c
65c Gray Enamelled Kettles.....	39c
4 Quart Enamelled Sauce Pans.....	25c
Glass Cheese Dish.....	5c
Glass Jelly Moulds.....	5c
Salts and Peppers, Glass or Celluloid Top, at.....	8c

The cost for power is exactly proportional to work done

When Gemotors drive the tool

When work stops the power expense ceases

There is no useless power consumed when Gemotors turn the spindles

There is no power expense when business slows and the tool is idle

Rockingham County Light and Power Co.

Geo. B. French Co

STANDARD OIL'S BIG EARNINGS.

Nearly Half a Billion Within
Last Eight Years.

HAZARD IN THE BUSINESS.

Rockefeller Does Not Consider That
It Is Determined by the Amount of
Money Made—Net Earnings For
1907 Were Approximately Eighty
Million Dollars—Pennsylvania a Rail-
road Gave Standard Rebate.

New York, Nov. 21.—For over five hours John D. Rockefeller, witness for the defense in the government's suit to dissolve the Standard Oil company, faced an increasing fire of questions from the federal counsel, Frank B. Kellogg, and when adjournment was taken until Monday the head of the oil combine was still being cross-examined on charges that in its early days the company accepted rebates to the disadvantage of its rivals. Rockefeller's cross-examination will probably not be concluded until late Tuesday, for Kellogg made it known that he would inquire about every detail of the company's business from Rockefeller.

The enormous earning power of the company was sharply brought out in yesterday's hearing when, after testifying that the Standard paid dividends amounting to \$10,000,000 in 1907, Rockefeller said it earned as much more and that this was added to the company's surplus, which was stated by the government's counsel to be \$300,000,000. It was further said by Kellogg that within the last eight years the company has earned nearly \$300,000,000.

In response to questions about the hazardous nature of the oil business owing to the possibility of failure of supply, Rockefeller said that the production of crude oil in the Pennsylvania field had steadily increased from 1862 to 1900. Kellogg read figures from an official report showing that the Pennsylvania field reached its highest point of production in 1900. Rockefeller denied that the supply of crude oil had always been ample and asserted that it had fluctuated, but that the supply is larger now than when he was actively engaged in business.

"Do you consider a business hazardous that, on an original investment of \$67,000,000, paid dividends amounting to \$80,000,000 and had left a surplus of \$300,000,000?" asked Kellogg.

"I do not consider the amount of money made determines whether the business is hazardous or not," said Rockefeller.

He was asked about the trust agreement of 1882 and whether the trust certificates did not show a value of \$70,000,000 and that the stocks held under the agreement had an actual value of \$55,710,000. Rockefeller said he believed those figures to be correct. Kellogg then asked whether the stock certificates issued thereafter were for stock dividends or for additional property acquired, but John G. McPherson, of Rockefeller's counsel, objected on the ground that this was not within the scope of Rockefeller's direct testimony. Rockefeller replied: "I suppose so."

"The record shows that up to 1904 the net earnings of the company were \$75,122,944. What was the dividend in 1907?" asked Kellogg.

"I should say about 10 percent."

"That was about \$7,500,000?"

"That would be a million in favor of the poor old Standard," said Rockefeller. He added that the net earnings for 1907 were approximately \$80,000,000. Kellogg again asked if he considered the business risky on such a showing, and Rockefeller again returned that the profits did not determine the risk. It was evidence that the business was prosperous.

The course of Rockefeller's testimony under conduct of the government's counsel can not go smoothly as that of Thursday, when he testified under direction of friendly counsel, but the rapid interrogations of the prosecution were met with imperturbability and readiness except when, as the witness explained: "It is quite impossible for me to remember after a half a century, I do not recall."

Rockefeller was questioned closely regarding rebates which the Standard was charged with receiving, but aside from the agreement with the Pennsylvania railroad, which Rockefeller explained gave the Standard a rebate because it effected an equalization of oil shipments, Rockefeller could not recall any other rebates, though he thought it likely that he might have heard of them at the time.

When he learned that the government counsel would not be able to conclude the examination by tonight, Rockefeller suggested an adjournment until Monday, which was agreed to by counsel.

THE BUSINESS WORLD.

New York, Nov. 21.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says that gains are now almost universal, each work surpassing its predecessor in volume of trade, while manufacturing plants increase activity, capacity and confidence is finding expression in extensive plans for the future. There is a gratifying change for the better in regard to the promptness of collections.

ITS 225TH BIRTHDAY.

White Plains Proud of Part It Took During Revolutionary War.
White Plains, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Today marks the two hundred and twenty-fifth birthday of this historic village, and the occasion is being celebrated with parades, speeches and all sorts of rejoicing. White Plains is proud of the prominent part it took during the Revolutionary war, although the Americans under Washington met defeat here. Its people are fond of proclaiming to the world the fact that Washington had his headquarters here.

The Miller house, at one time Washington's headquarters, is the center of interest of today's celebration. It is being visited by a throng of pilgrims from all parts of the surrounding country eager to inspect again the collection of time honored Revolutionary relics that is stored there.

Among the features of today's celebration is a parade, participated in by members of the Westchester county and New York city militia. Governor Hughes of New York and Governor Woodruff of Connecticut have received invitations to be present at the celebration of the birthday of the venerable village.

Tonight the residences and business buildings of the village will be illuminated. Fires will also be kindled on "Batterton and Dusenbury hills," where the battle of White Plains was fought Oct. 28, 1776.

THE MOST NOURISHING FOOD.

Dietists Say That It Is Corrant Bread.
New Ways of Making This Staple.

Some of the most distinguished diet specialists in the world assert that currant bread is the most nourishing article of diet that can be as regularly eaten as white bread. White bread made with a liberal quantity of dried currants is already very popular. Here are two new recipes for making currant bread with whole wheat flour and with potatoes:

Scald (do not boil) one and a half cups sweet milk and one cup water. When tepid add one-half cup compressed yeast after soaking ten minutes in cool water, two tablespoons of sugar and a teaspoonful of salt. Stir in enough whole wheat flour to make a stiff batter. Allow to rise—three hours is long enough if kept warm—overnight if cool. When light add one egg, one tablespoonful of melted butter, one cup of cleaned and dried currants. Beat well, then add whole wheat flour to make a stiff dough. Work well, mold into two loaves, place in greased pans, brush over with melted butter, let rise until light and then bake in hot oven.

Boil one medium sized potato in a quart of water until soft. Scald one small cup of flour with the hot potato water and add mashed potato beaten thoroughly to prevent lumps. When cold add one cup compressed yeast soaked in a little cold water. Let stand six hours to rise, then add one pint warm water, one pound thoroughly washed currants, one tablespoonful of lard, salt, two beaten eggs, one cup brown sugar, cinnamon if desired and flour to make a stiff dough. Knead ten minutes, put into covered pan in a warm place to stand overnight. Bake in the usual way.

Boil one medium sized potato in a quart of water until soft. Scald one small cup of flour with the hot potato water and add mashed potato beaten thoroughly to prevent lumps. When cold add one cup compressed yeast soaked in a little cold water. Let stand six hours to rise, then add one pint warm water, one pound thoroughly washed currants, one tablespoonful of lard, salt, two beaten eggs, one cup brown sugar, cinnamon if desired and flour to make a stiff dough. Knead ten minutes, put into covered pan in a warm place to stand overnight. Bake in the usual way.

GERMAN TELEGRAPH CENSUS.

Shows Why United States With Twice
The Population Sends Only Half as
Many Messages as Great Britain.

An investigation just completed by the German government shows that Great Britain sends the largest number of telegraph messages a year—21,000,000. The United States with twice the population of the United Kingdom sends only 10,000,000 messages, Germany 5,000,000 and France 3,500,000. The position of the United States in the next telegraph census will undoubtedly be improved by the quick, low cost service of the new telegraph company, the Telepost.

The United States has 1,155,450 miles of telegraph wire, four times as much as the United Kingdom, but the American companies earn only 221 per mile against earnings of \$200 in Great Britain, where the average cost per message is only 16 cents as compared to an average cost of 32 cents here.

In Germany the government lines had it profitable to carry a ten word message between any two points in the empire for 12 cents. This is the rule upon which the Telepost will operate here—a flat rate of twenty-five words for 25 cents between all points.

The success of the German system appears to confirm the wisdom of the Telepost in making a rate without regard to distance. With the largely increased business that is shown to be the result of low rates and good service and with the economies made possible by the Telepost's automatic system, experts who have studied the question believe that the new company will make a larger profit at 25 cents for twenty-five words than the old companies make at much higher rates.

Strong Room Perils.

Before now people have been shot in strong rooms and have had narrow escapes. On one occasion a booksmith was repairing an interior safe in the strong room of a New York bank when the cashier closed the vault door. As it was worked by a time lock it meant that the door would remain closed until the following morning. Fortunately the man knew the secrets of his stronghold and by opening a manhole was able to obtain a sufficient supply of air. He then made a pillow of a bag of dollar bills and composed himself to sleep until the door was opened next morning.—Strand Magazine.

BLUE AND CRIMSON MEET TODAY.

Football Warriors In Clash
on Yale Field.

CROWN FOR THE VICTOR.

Supremacy In Gridiron Battle Means
Championship of the Country For
Successful Team—Much Betting at
Even Money—Harvard Men Con-
fident of Their Team's Prowess—
Both Captains In the Game.

New Haven, Nov. 21.—When this afternoon's game on Yale field is over the football championship of the year will be decided. Whether the honors will go to Houghton's Huskies from Harvard or Bigelow's boys of Yale is the question of the hour in New Haven, and it may be said in all fairness that opinion seems to be equally divided with mathematical exactness.

The even balance of the public mind in regard to the great question is reflected in the betting, which stands at even money. This is probably the most significant evidence of the evenness of today's match, since in most of the recent years the supporters of the blue team have been compelled to give odds if they wanted to back their good opinion of their team with money. Much money has been wagered on the result of the game.

The two teams left their training quarters today for the field in the very best of condition. There is far less talk of injuries than usual, and it is agreed on all sides that victory this afternoon will perch on the banner of the eleven which plays the better football. From tackle to tackle the Yale line is the heavier and probably a little slower than the Harvard line. To find holes in it will be a difficult task for John Harvard's men, but when end runs, forward passes and outside kicks are mentioned the supporters of the crimson look knowing and smile confidently. The back fields are evenly matched, save that it is generally conceded that Coy. Yale's fullback, is something more than a match for Kennard or Ver Wiebe at Harvard.

In style of play the two teams have differed somewhat throughout the season. Yale relying on her strength in the line and her ability to smash through all opposition toward her opponent's goal line. Only in the Yale game with Brown, which ended in a tie to the end of last Saturday's fierce struggle at Princeton, at the end of which the score was 11 to 6 in favor of the blue, has Yale been edged out. Harvard has also a claim state in the matter of scores, save in two games. The Annapolis midshipmen held her to a tie to a score, and Brown compelled her to accept a safety score. In the latter case the final score was 6 to 2.

Thus far Yale's opponents have scored 16 points, while the total tally against Harvard is 8. Yale has added up 123 points, while Harvard's record is 128 points. Brown is the only team that has played both Harvard and Yale, so that no comparison of the two eleven on the ground of comparative scores can be made.

The reliance of Harvard this afternoon will probably be placed on her knowledge of football as it is played under the new rules. The forward pass is Harvard's strong card, and it will be played until it is worn to a "frazzle," as Harvard's distinguished alumnus would say. Harvard's play throughout the season has been marred by the splendid use of the forward pass and brilliant runs by Ler fast backs. Today, however, she meets a team that has been especially trained to oppose such plays, and the result will probably lie in doubt until the final stretch of the referee's whistle is heard.

It will be a battle royal without a doubt, and on all sides here is heard the opinion that the final score will be close. There is, however, little talk of a tie, some being possible, as both teams will play with desperation, if any scoring is done in the first half. Today is both the end and the culmination of their season, and victory means everything to the men who have kept training for months with the winning of today's game as the reward for all their home and away-trying work.

One fact that has elicited universal applause is the announcement, made several days ago, that both Captain Burt of Harvard and Captain Bunch of Yale will be in this afternoon's game. They have been kept on the sidelines recently by injuries and have been forced to see their teams do battle with other eleven while they were themselves unable to don their armor. Today, however, all that is forgotten in the "storm for that warlike deed," and it is expected that Burt at left guard and Bunch at right end will give good accounts of themselves unless disabled at an early stage of the struggle.

The Yale lineup will be as follows at the beginning of the game:

Left end, Logan; left tackle, Hubbs; left guard, Andrews; center, Biddle; right guard, Goshen; right tackle, Biddle; right end, Captain Bigelow; quarterback, Goshen; left halfback, Feltz; right halfback, Wheaton; fullback, Coy.

Before the game is over, however, Kilpatrick will probably be put in at

left end, and it is possible that Murphy may start the game at right halfback, reserving Wheaton till the situation demands a drop kicker.

The Harvard men will line up as follows:

Left end, Browne; left tackle, McKays; left guard, Captain Barr; center, Nourse; right guard, Hoar; right tackle, Fish; right end, Crowley; quarterback, Cutler; left halfback, Corbett; right halfback, Walter; fullback, Kennard or Ver Wiebe.

Unless injuries supervene, there will probably be not much change in this lineup, although the crimson team is well supplied with substitutes.

New Haven is filled today with the usual football crowd. From far and near, even from foreign countries, the alumni have sent the battle and have gathered in mighty cohorts to cheer and sing "Fair Harvard" or "Boola Boola," according to their colors. There is the usual abundance of pretty maidens and handsome matrons to grace the scene, and the town wears its annual decorations. Naturally there is a little more blue than crimson to be seen, but what the Harvard forces lack in color they seem to be making up in noise.

STRIKEBREAKERS ARE ATTACKED.

Jostled About by Union Sym-
pathizers at Newburyport.

Newburyport, Mass., Nov. 21.—The first demonstration arising from the recent strike of cutters at Dodge Bros. shoe factory occurred late yesterday, when the strikebreakers now working in the cutters' places, numbering about forty, were met by a large crowd of union sympathizers at the factory doors when they were leaving work for the day, and pushed through the streets. Some of the strikebreakers were jostled about by being jostled about by the crowd. One of the fleeing men was knocked down on the street and had his nose and face severely bruised, while several took refuge in a Harvard street car. About 200 people surrounded the car, beating and jostling and throwing epithets at its occupants.

Arthur Hodgson, who had taken advantage of the moment's lull to reach home from the factory, was the only person who was not jostled. He was arrested by the majority of the crowd. Fred Edwards took strenuous objection to a police man's action, who is alleged to have kicked a key for attempting to help the policeman up, and Hoyt was taken into custody. Hodgson was later released after being reproached by the police.

COLOR LINE IN COLLEGE.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 21.—Thirty-four members of the Junior class in the Grand Rapids Academy, including twelve white students, entered to receive their diplomas. Because of the objections of other students the graduates had been denied a diploma when they returned to college this year and the graduates appeared to the ceremony. Judge Perkins, who presided at the ceremony, said that he would not issue diplomas to the graduates, including the two negroes, until next Thursday.

TARRED A "GRAB GAME."

Washington, Nov. 21.—"A universal grab game" is the epithet applied to the tariff by a Progressive (the New York Times) in the hearing before the ways and means committee on the tariff schedule for wool and wool manufactures. Several hundredmen said they wanted a protective tariff on lumber because other industries are protected by the present law. This called forth the term "grab" from Clark.

BIG MILLS TO START UP.

Union, S. C., Nov. 21.—The Union Mills to cotton mills, which operate four spindles and looms, than any other textile corporation in the south, have orders to run each of its three plants to the fullest capacity. This places in operation 17,000 spindles and 800 looms, which were idle during the summer. The mills employ 2600 people.

STRIKERS RETURN.

Fall River, Mass., Nov. 21.—The 250 workers at the No. 4 mill of the Fall River Iron Works company who went out on strike Thursday morning because of dissatisfaction over the discharge of an overseer have returned to work. It appeared that the overseer did not desire to return to his position.

TELEGRAPHIC RECEIPTS.

Major Clee of the general staff of the army and secretary of the army war college has been relieved from that duty and will assume command of Fort Preble, Me.

Six hundred apprentices from the Newport, R. I. naval training station will be called upon about Dec. 10 to go to the Pacific stations, battleships and cruisers of the Atlantic fleet.

Joseph Dime, aged 21, employed in the mills of the Eastern Manufacturing company at South Braintree, Mass., was caught in a gang-saw and instantly killed. The head being terribly mangled.

FROM DOORSTEP TO DOORSTEP.

Explosion Opens a Street
For Nearly a Block.

FIFTEEN PERSONS BURIED.

Ten Others Missing and Are Sup-
posed to Be Under Hundreds of
Tons of Earth and Debris—Geyers
of Water Leaped into Air Beside
Tongues of Flame From Trench
Where Explosion Occurred.

New York, Nov. 21.—Twenty-five persons are believed to have lost their lives in an explosion of gas which tore up a great section of Gold street, Brooklyn.

It is definitely known that fifteen persons were buried under the hundreds of tons of earth and timber that were thrown into the air by the explosion, and ten more persons are reported as missing.

The exact number of dead has not been determined, for those working to recover the entombed bodies must dig through fifty feet of dirt, rock and a tangle of pipes and timber. The explosion occurred in a room of an apartment building which had been made in Gold street, between York and Third streets, where a water main was being laid.

The gas, it is recently reported, and in a trench which was a spark when in contact with the escaping gas. Immediately there was a terrible explosion, which filled the surface of the street for half a block in both directions and hurled dirt, paving stones and debris into the air.

When the smoke and dust cleared away it was seen that the street had been opened from doorstep to doorstep over an area of nearly a block. The loosened earth and debris had fallen into the excavation, burying the scene of the disaster, who were at work when the accident happened.

Great tongues of flame shot out of cracks in the street, and beside them rivers of water leaped into the air from a water main shattered by the explosion. Two teams were standing on the sidewalk.

Gold street was closed with school children, when the explosion occurred, and that scores of children were not killed or injured was remarkable. A woman and three children were almost opposite the excavation when the earth crumbled under their feet and they were swept down into the hole under tons of wreckage. Two other children were on the opposite side of the street when the blow fell, and they and their mother escaped.

Only four of the men working in the excavation escaped, and their escape was remarkable. They were disabled near the opening of a trench for sewer and the force of the explosion drove them to the entrance of it. Arthur Strand was killed instantaneously and pulled the other three men down.

Water from the broken main began to pour into the street and the fire men were in danger of being drowned. They began to run toward the river where the water was under control of a sewer.

The explosion closed the street for blocks around. The sound of the explosion was heard for miles and the people had difficulty in finding their way through the wreckage. Following was the work of recovering the dead and the work of clearing the debris.

COMPTON IS ENDORSED.

New York, Nov. 21.—The approval of the convention of the American Federation of Labor was given President Compton by the resolution of his annual report as follows: "Compton is endorsed by the members of the federation for his wisdom and foresight in the management of the convention and his ability with which he has handled the convention."

WOODRUFF FOR SENATOR.

New York, Nov. 21.—Thursday, L. Woodruff was formally endorsed for the United States senate at a meeting of the Queens County Republican conference last night. A resolution endorsing Woodruff's success in large business enterprises and the ability with which he served the state was unanimously adopted.

CANAL ZONE EXECUTION.

Panama, Nov. 21.—Robert H. O., a native of Barbados, was hanged at Colón for the murder of a Panama woman. This was the first execution in the canal zone since the American government has been in charge.

A FAST SAILING SHIP.

Norfolk, Nov. 21.—The Norwegian sailing ship, Tundra, arrived here from New Caledonia, South Pacific ocean, after a record breaking voyage of over 12,000 miles in thirty-seven days.

WATCHING VENEZUELA.

United States Will Maintain an Attitude of Strict Neutrality.
Washington, Nov. 21.—Revolutionary movements in Venezuela, reports regarding which have come by way of Wilkesbarre, are not causing any surprise in diplomatic circles.

Those officials have been keeping a close watch on affairs in that country, but they say that there is any specific reason for fresh outbreaks, but because of the chronic disposition of the discontented element there to foment trouble.

Official statements are that there is no change in the Venezuelan situation so far as the American government is concerned, and no information appears to be available at the state department regarding the intentions of the Netherlands government. The latter has three or four war vessels at Curaçao and thereabouts, but her ultimate designs regarding Venezuela still appear to be a mystery.

The United States government will maintain strict neutrality so far as any revolutionary movements against the Guayana government emanating from the United States are concerned and will prohibit any shipment of arms to Venezuela intended for revolutionary purposes.

FORGERIES REACH OVER \$1,500,000.

Discovery of Receiver For Van
Vlissingen Properties.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—After an examination of the various documents in the office of Peter Van Vlissingen, convicted forger of mortgages, notes and trust deeds, William C. Niblack, receiver for the Van Vlissingen properties, declared that the forgeries amount to \$1,500,000.

Only a thorough examination of all the papers will disclose to the receiver and the creditors how many have been taken up by Van Vlissingen, who is now a convict in the Joliet penitentiary. Since Van Vlissingen's confession of guilt, which started the business world and preceded his sentence only a few months, he has asserted that \$500,000 would cover the forged paper which he sold.

RELAYS CARRYING MESSAGE.

New York, Nov. 21.—The young athletes in the relay race organized by the physical department of the Y. M. C. A. between this city and Washington started on their 211-mile sprint at 3:45 yesterday, the runners leading a message in a silver tube to President Roosevelt. The message remained over night at Trenton, N. J., and at 6 o'clock this morning the race for Washington was resumed by way of Camden, Wilmington and Baltimore. Unless some unexpected hitch occurs the message will reach the hands of the president at 11:30 tonight.

NO RETURN FOR \$50,000.

New York, Nov. 21.—Charles W. Ross, special assistant to the United States attorney general, announced that he does not intend to proceed against Frances Schold, the employer of the man in this city and shipping them to labor camps on the Florida Keys. This action ends the prosecution of the Florida penitentiary cases, which were three years in preparation and cost the United States government \$50,000.

PRINCE WAS SCURRIED.

Baltimore, Nov. 21.—A chance meeting at the entrance of the palace, the Crown Prince George and the Austrian Archduke, who was shot, led to an awkward incident of which more is expected to be heard. The prince, who said with some warmth, "Perhaps you do not recognize me, Count," for both turned and rendered his excuses, but the crown prince, without a word, turned away, leaving the archduke's apologies.

LEGATION OFFICIAL KILLED.

Berlin, Nov. 21.—Count Blumenthal, second secretary of the German legation here, jumped from a window while suffering from an attack of fever and was killed. The count was a son of Baroness von Nessel, the mercenary wife of Prince Charles of Baden, and was engaged to a niece of Prince von Bismarck, the German imperial chancellor.

A ST. PIERRE ADMINISTRATOR.

Paris, Nov. 21.—The government has appointed Pierre Lacombe administrator of St. Pierre, M. L. He will sail for St. Pierre next Monday on board the steamer "Garonne." He has been given the mission to examine into the situation of the island and to do everything possible to remove the causes of the discontent.

PRAYERS FOR RAIN.

Little Rock, Nov. 21.—Without a cloud in the sky, and forest fires rapidly approaching, the residents of Grand Prairie offered prayers yesterday for rain, which it is believed will be necessary to save them acres of prairie land from devastation.

THE WEATHER.

Albany, Sunday, Nov. 22.
Sun rises 6:41, sets 4:17.
Moon rises 5:58, sets 1:17.
High water 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.
The weather will be generally fair and warmer in New England.

**HOTEL
RICHMOND**
OPEN ALL THE YEAR
17th and H Streets
WASHINGTON, D. C.
100 Rooms, 50 Private Bath, American
Plan, Additional
\$3.00 Per Day, Upwards, With Bath, 21/2 Additional.
European Plan, \$1.50 Per Day, Upwards, With Bath, 21/2 Additional.
A High-class Hotel, conducted for you
comfort. Directly on car line. Union Sta.
15 minutes. Capitol, 15 minutes. Shops
and theatres, 5 minutes. Two blocks to
White House and Executive Buildings.
Opposite Metropolitan Club.
Summer Season, July to October.
Wayside Inn and Cottages, Lake Lan-
caster, N. Y., in the Adirondacks. Scenery
and fishing, 5 minutes from Park
Hotel. Send for booklet.
CLIFFORD M. LEWIS
Proprietor.

Your Heater put in order for the
Winter. Pipes, Radiators and
Valves furnished.
Chadwick & Trefethen
Machinists and
Steam Fitters,
11 Bow St., Portsmouth

Marble and Granite
Tablets, Monuments, Mausoleums
of the Latest Designs.
My plant contains an Air Compressor, Plan-
ing Machine, and a full line of marble and
granite. I am in the city with modern ex-
hibits.
FRED C. SMALLEY
Successor to Thomas G. Lester
2 Water St., - - - Portsmouth, N. H.
Tel. 1121. Also Central Ave., Dover, N. H.

CEMETERY LOTS
Cared For and Turling
Done
With increased facilities the subscriber is
able to prepare to take charge of and keep in
order such lots as may be desired. The
charges are reasonable and the work is
done with care and attention to the
turfing and grading of the lots, and the
planting of flowers and shrubs. In addition
to the work at the cemetery, the subscriber
is also a turling and grading in the city
and suburbs.
Cemetery lots for sale, also turling and
turfing. Office at 111 South Street, or by mail
with Allen W. Ham, 111 South Street, will be
given prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN
DECORATIONS
For Weddings and Flowers
furnished for all occasions
FUNERAL DESIGNS A SPECIALTY
CAPSTICK, Rogers & St.

Book Binding
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Blank Books Made to Order.
J. D. RANDALL,
Over Deane's Store, Congress St.

BEGIN KITTERY SECOND METHODIST CHURCH DEDICATION



Rev. Daniel Onstott, pastor of Second Methodist Episcopal Church of Kittery, Me.

The reopening exercises of the remodeled Second Methodist church of Kittery begin tonight with a parish supper. On this occasion there will be on each table a Wedgewood teapot imported from the Wedgewood pottery in England and made in exact replica of the famous teapot from the same pottery which was used 150 years ago by John Wesley, the founder of Methodism.

The teapot is ornamented in a blue scroll and wreath design and bears the verse said to have been written by Wesley:

"Be present at our table Lord
Be here and everywhere adored
These creatures Bless & Grant that
we
May feast in Paradise with thee"

The supper will be preceded by a reception and followed by after dinner speaking.

Sunday Morning

The program for the Sunday morning service at half-past ten, is:

Voluntary,
(a) Intermezzo, Bohn
(b) Cantilene, Bohn
Mrs. Charles W. Philbrick, organist.
1st. Mrs. Lucella Rudolph, soloist.

Hymn 91.
The Apostles' Creed.
Prayer.

The Lord is my Trust, Mrs. Hattie Langton
Dedication of the memorials.
In His Hands Are All the Corners of the Earth, Schneek
Mrs. Percival Rogers and Miss Langton.

Responsive reading for the forty-sixth Sunday morning.
The Gloria Patri.
Scripture lesson.
Notices and offering.
Sing Unto the Lord, "Praise Him"
Young Ladies' Chorus

Reopening sermon,
Rev. Dr. Marcus D. Buell, professor in Boston University School of Theology.

Prayer of consecration.
Financial statement.
Hymn 208.
Benediction.

Sunday Afternoon

A special service will be held at three o'clock Sunday afternoon with the following program:

Voluntary, Mrs. Philbrick
Hymn 78.
Prayer.
But the Lord is Mindful of His Own, Mendelssohn

Mrs. Rogers
Scripture lesson.

Come to Our Hearts and Abide,

Young Ladies' Chorus.
Notices and offering.
The Lord is My Shepherd,
Mrs. Rogers and Miss Leone-Mills
Sermon,
Rev. John B. Lapham, a former pastor.
Prayer.

(b) L'Eglantine, Bohn
Mrs. Philbrick and Mrs. Rudolph
Hymn 416.
Prayer.
I Cannot Always Trace the Way,
Male Quartet, Messrs. Goughs, Lane, Macy and Philbrick.
Scripture lesson.
Notices and offering.
Father in Heaven, Bohn



Remodeled Second Methodist Church, Kittery, Me.

Hymn 355.
Benediction.

Sunday Evening
The program for the Sunday evening service at half-past seven o'clock is:

Voluntary,
(a) Landler, Bohn

Tenor Solo and Quartet
Sermon,
Rev. B. C. Wentworth, dist. sup.
Prayer.
Hymn 556.
Benediction.

On Monday

Monday will be the closing day. A



Reproduction of John Wesley's Wedgewood Teapot Used at Saturday's Parish Supper of Kittery Second Methodist Episcopal Church.

Coats FOR THE Little Folks

Girls—Sizes from 3 to 14 years, Prices from \$2.50 to 8.00

Boys—Sizes from 3 to 12 years, Prices from \$3.50 to 6.00

American Cloak Company

14 Market St. Over Tilton's Fruit Store. Entrance 2 Ladies

Processional March, Whitney
Mr. Sanborn
1st Movement of Grand Sonata, Whiting
Mr. Sanborn
Blow, Blow Thou Winter Winds, Farjeau
Mr. Gray
Selected, Dabols
Invocation, Watson
My Fate and Thine, Watson
Mr. Gray
The Seraph's Strain, Wolstenholme
Mr. Sanborn
Finale, Gullman
Mr. Sanborn

EAT WHAT YOU WANT WHEN YOU WANT IT

Give Your Stomach a Good Eat without Fear of Indigestion or Distress in Stomach. Diapepsin Will Put an End to Your Stomach Troubles

As there is often some one in your family who suffers an attack of indigestion or some form of stomach trouble, why don't you keep a case of Diapepsin in the house handy?

This harmless blessing will digest anything you can eat without the slightest discomfort, and regulate a sour stomach five minutes after.

Tell your pharmacist to let you read the formula plainly printed on these 50-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin, then you will readily see why they cure indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn and prevent at once such miseries as Belching of Gas, Eructations of sour undigested food, Nausea, Headaches, Dizziness, Constipation and other Stomach Disorders.

Some folks have tried so long to find relief from indigestion with the common every-day cures advertised that they have about made up their minds that they have something else wrong, or believe there is a case of Nervousness, Gastritis, Catarrh of the Stomach or Cancer.

This is a serious mistake. Your real trouble is, what you eat does not digest. Instead, it ferments and scums, turns to acid, Gas and Stomach poison, which will putrefy in the entire digestive tract and intestines, and besides, poison the breath with noxious odors.

A hearty appetite, with thorough digestion, and without the slightest discomfort or misery of the Stomach, is waiting for you as soon as you decide to try Pape's Diapepsin.

One candy-like Triangles, taken after eating, will promptly digest all your food, the same as a strong, healthy stomach would do it.

HOOLOGAN'S TROUBLES

Thanksgiving Day Attraction at Portsmouth Music Hall

Manager Harford announces as his Thanksgiving attraction at the Portsmouth Music Hall, John A. Mack's original farce comedy success "Hooligan's Troubles" by Charles Irving and Charles Baker.

It might well be said without exaggeration that it is a festival of mirth and melody and a plot that is consistent, not a hastily cooked up lodge jodge on the principal that anything will do for a farce comedy. But the very heart of a rattling good show presented in a creditable manner. The array of individuals are a credit to any organization.

Several star vaudeville acts are introduced during the play.

Matinee and evening performances will be given on Thanksgiving day, Nov. 26.

AT CHRIST CHURCH

Events of the Week After Sunday, November 22

Meeting of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew on Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary on Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Evening on Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Holy Communion on Thursday morning at 7:30 o'clock.

Choir rehearsal on Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

THE HERALD HEARS

That the sailors on the ships at the navy yard now have to drill once a week with the machines—

That the fight on Ridge's Island on Thursday night was certainly a funny stand—

That St. John's church was crowded to the doors at noon today to witness the wedding ceremony—

That the North Pond was covered with a thin ice this morning—

RECEPTION IN HONOR OF THEIR DAUGHTER

Rev. and Mrs. H. E. Hovey Entertain Members Of Parish And Friends

Rev. and Mrs. Henry E. Hovey rendered a reception to the members of the St. John's church and their friends on Friday afternoon at their home on State street, to meet their daughter Miss Etheldreda and Lieut. Sandee Kiver, U. S. N., who were united in marriage at noon today.

Rev. and Mrs. Hovey were assisted in receiving by their daughter and intended husband and Bishop Parker of Concord, who will perform the wedding ceremony at noon today.

The reception was very largely attended, not only by the members of the Parish, but by many society people from this city and the naval officers and their families from the navy yard.

PERSONALS

Horace Massey has returned from a visit to Salem, Mass.

City Clerk Lambert Hillen is rapidly recovering his health.

Hon. E. F. Jones of Manchester was a visitor here Friday.

Mrs. Frederick M. Sloss and son were Boston visitors on Friday.

Mrs. Fred Leach is among the Portsmouth visitors in Boston today. Liquor Commissioner Cyrus Little of Manchester passed Friday in this city.

Mrs. R. J. Kirkpatrick and Miss Annie Scott are passing the day in Boston.

Mrs. F. W. Wheeler of Orchard street is the guest of her parents in Manchester.

Miss Nellie Buckley and Miss Agnes Page are in Manchester today where they visited Mount St. Mary's School.

Winton Foster, president and general manager of the Portsmouth coal pockets, has gone West on a business trip.

Charles Drake of this city has left for Jacksonville, where he will reside this winter. His wife will join him in a month's time.

Captain James Burke and his sister, Mrs. N. A. McKenney, were called to Chelsea police by the illness of their mother.

WE HAVE THE REPUTATION FOR HANDLING AND SELLING ONLY THE VERY

BEST COAL

This, together with at all times giving full weight and treating our patrons courteously, is to what we ascribe our success.

'Phone 264.

C. E. WALKER & CO.
Cor. State & Water Sts.

Mercier's
Potato Chips

Fried Fresh Every day

Ladies and Gents Lunch Room

95 1-2 Congress St. Opposite Public Library

Try Mercier's Famous Coffee Open Sundays.

James W. Scott
SANITARY PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING
JOBBER A SPECIALTY

4 Penhallow St., Portsmouth, N. H.



Copyright, 1908, by L. ADLER, BROS. & CO.

N. H. BEANE & CO.,
3 CONGRESS STREET

Young men consider you can spend \$10, \$15, \$18 or \$20 for an Overcoat and feel that you have the newest and latest ideas of clever designers.

Our stock of Fur Coats will please you, prices from \$18 to \$55.

Fur Lined Coats from \$22 up.

Children's Overcoats from \$2.50 to \$6.

Weather Strips

For Doors and Windows

A. P. Wendell & Co., 2 Market Square.

A bantam's egg looks as fine as that of an ostrich---to the bantam.

Be that as it may. We have got a good supply of Egg Coal that looks good to us. We believe that you would be enriched by purchasing it.

GRAY & PRIME,

TELEPHONE 23.

111 MARKET STREET.

Established 1868 Telephone

A MONEY SAVING TRIUMPH

Storm Windows

Combine Economy and Comfort

ARTHUR M. CLARK

WALTER COSTELLO Glazier

17-21 Daniel Street

COMMERCIAL CLUB
WHISKEY

A Pure Beverage Especially Adapted for Sicknes ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS KEEP IT.

BOTTLED BY EUGENE LYNCH, BOSTON, MASS.

THOMAS LOUGHLIN AGENT FOR PORTSMOUTH ISLINGTON ST

DAYS OF DIZZINESS
Come to Hundreds of Portsmouth People
There are days of dizziness: Spells of headache, sickache, backache: Sometimes rheumatic pains: Often urinary disorders. All tell you plainly the kidneys are sick.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.
Here is proof in Portsmouth.
Joseph C. Pettigrew, 12 Islington St., Portsmouth, N. H., says: "I can conscientiously recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from backache or kidney complaint. My first experience with this remedy took place about three years ago. At that time my back ached a great deal, I had dizzy spells and was bothered by a blurring of my eyesight. I finally decided that I had kidney trouble and procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Philbrick's drug store. I had taken them but a short time when there was a great improvement in my condition. Should I ever have any further trouble with my kidneys, I would at once resort to Doan's Kidney Pills, firmly believing that they would relieve me. This excellent remedy can be procured at Philbrick's drug store."
For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McBum Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A New Hotel at the Old Stand
\$250,000 has not been spent
Remodeling, Refurbishing, and Redecorating the
HOTEL EMPIRE
Broadway, Empire Square & 63d St.
NEW YORK CITY.
Restaurant and Service Unrivalled
Splendid Location
Most Modern Improvement
All surface cars pass or transfer to door
Subway and "L" stations 2 minutes
Hotel fronting on three streets
Electric Clocks, Telephones and Automatic Lighting Devices in every room
Moderate Rates
MUSIC
W. Johnson Quinn, Proprietor
Send for guide of New York—Free

Horse Shoeing
CARRIAGE WORK AND BLACKSMITHING.
your horse is not going right, come and see us. We charge nothing for examination and consultation.
If you want your harness or carriage repaired, or new ones made, we will give you the benefit of our 45 years experience in this business without expense.
Sign Hanging and General Job Work
Attended To.
Satisfaction Guaranteed
IRA C. SEYMOUR.
21-2 Linden St.

H. W. NICKERSON
UNDERTAKER
—AND—
LICENSED EMBALMER
Office, 5 Danie St. Ports. N. H.
Residence 9 Miller Avenue
Telephone at office and Residence

GEORGE A. JACKSON
CARPENTER
—AND—
BUILDER,
No. 6 Dearborn Street
Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to

A VACATION IN EUROPE
Possibilities in the Way of Cheap Travel Abroad.
DEPENDS ON TOURIST
Trip That Will Show a Far More Interesting Europe Than One Costing Five Times as Much—A Matter of Third Class Fares and Cheap Boarding Houses.
How much money is needed for a trip abroad is a question asked frequently, when people are thinking of vacations. Like that other question as to how much is enough to marry on, it admits of many answers.
Steamship rates are suited to all pockets. It is possible to cross the ocean first class on several lines for \$50, while one line sailing from Philadelphia offers accommodations for even less. Of course the second class and steerage rates are much lower. Many hardy voyagers anxious to see Europe go on the cheapest tickets, so that they may have more money with which to travel on the other side.
Disposing of the question of steamship fares, then, the question narrows to the cost of board and lodging, travelling and fees, the last item impossible to omit when travelling in the Old World.
Everything depends on the manner in which the tourist lives and travels abroad. If instead of first class he buys third class railroad tickets, which will carry him over the same roads and in practically the same cars except that the upholstery and the companionship are less desirable, he will save a great deal more than three times the actual cost of the journey, for the difference between the first, second and third class fares is absurdly great.
The student of human nature would undoubtedly find much more interesting material by travelling in this manner than in better style, but through Ireland and on some parts of the Continent it would not be so pleasant as in England, for cleanliness of person is not one of the virtues with the masses abroad.
The great economy of travelling in Europe comes from the fact that the American tourist feels that he has no neighbors to criticize him or any particular position to live up to. He does things cheaply because they are novel and interesting, and even at a fourpence tea in London there will be a flower or two on the table and a civil girl to wait on him, so one does not feel the grind of cheapness as in New York, where an eight cent meal would mean eight cent food, a surroundings and manners generally.
British life in Paris is delightful also, because of the same reason, civility that proves a charming surprise to the American and because of the remarkable cooking for which some of the pensions are famous. Inviting persons to them as guests who would never patronize the big hotels, where everything of recent years is so like the luxurious New York establishments that the French atmosphere is entirely lost.
A woman traveller can go about Europe for a year without buying any new gowns, which is no small economy. When she gets ready to come home she can buy one or two costumes with a Paris tag. If she wishes to have something to show for her trip, but her American gowns, hats, etc., are apt to look very smart, and the fact that she is traveling excites her for the omnipresence of her shirtwaist and her absence of trills.
There are always these exclusive ones who say they prefer to stay at home rather than to travel cheaply, but there are other more daring souls who will not be dissatisfied in the way and rather enjoy the sensation of living in a fourth floor back room with a balcony that affords a broad view of Paris and the Seine.
Mealy to be alive in these unfamiliar and picturesque surroundings is sufficient to a great many travelers to whom creature comforts do not count as the great good things of life. Omnibus rides are filled with strange sights and experiences, breakfasts and dinners are possible in all sorts of odd and delightful places, and flowers can be bought at the vendors on the streets for very little.
The pleasant side of life seems to be uppermost in Paris, and noise, dirt, filthiness and ugliness are hidden under a gilding of beauty that, however superficial it may be, makes existence move along on well oiled wheels.
And strangely enough, it is the tourist travelling on small or modest means who comes in contact with the real life and the real pleasure of the French capital. The great boulevards and the big hotels are merely replicas of what people see at home and prices in all the places frequented by the moneyed American are rated to satisfy the most extravagant taste.
Europe on \$500 will be a better and far more interesting Europe than that which costs the traveler five times as much, for he will be brought in contact with the working population of cities, where the pleasures of life seem to consist in making the most of everything and living happily in the little that one has, rather than straining hard and going to the breaking point for the satisfaction of more.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS
Of Members of the National House of Representatives
A call has been issued for a caucus of Democratic members of the House Dec. 5, to choose a leader to succeed Representative Williams of Mississippi, who retired from the minority leadership last spring.
The present outlook is that Representative Champ Clark of Missouri will be nominated. Mr. Williams and his friends are supporting the Missouri. There is little opposition to Mr. Clark, although the name of Representative Henry of Texas has been mentioned as a possible candidate for the leadership.
Mr. Clark's colleague, Representative De Armand, is understood to be opposed to Mr. Clark. Mr. De Armand has aspired to the leadership on a number of years and his defeat for that honor by Mr. Williams was one of the causes of the party's defeat in the two which culminated in a personal encounter on the floor of the House last winter.
It is claimed by the Clark supporters that neither Mr. De Armand nor Mr. Henry will develop any considerable strength in the caucus.
THREE MILLION DOLLARS
Expended by Boston and Maine Railroad for New Equipment
Since July 1, the Boston and Maine railroad has expended for more than \$2,000,000 worth of new equipment and a goodly portion of this has been delivered already.
Business on the road has increased steadily, and there is a marked reduction in the number of late cars.
Included in the new equipment are two motor box cars, a similar number of 25-ton drop-end cars, 25 Atlantic type locomotives, 19 by 28 inch cylinders; 15 powerful six-wheel switching locomotives, 18 passenger coaches and several standard combination baggage and mail cars. Some of the latter are under construction in the road's own shops.
One thousand drop-end freight cars and 20 6-ton vestibule passenger coaches have been delivered.
The Boston and Maine now owns 1,000 cars and has under construction, upward of 30,000 cars and 1197 locomotives.
WORTH KNOWING
To remove Pimples, Blackheads, Blemishes and all forms of skin eruptions, is, according to a well known physician, a very easy matter; he says that many are afflicted with some one of the above ailments, and are subject to a great deal of embarrassment on account of the unsightly appearance which they present, and recommends the following simple, harmless and inexpensive treatment. Go to your Druggist and get this prescription filled: Chloroform half ounce, Ether one ounce, Alcohol seven ounces, mix, shake well and apply to the parts affected night and morning, allowing it to remain on the skin at least ten minutes, then wipe off the powder from the skin. Use a soft cloth or sponge in applying the mixture and in from ten days to two weeks your face will be smooth and clear as a marriage bell. Get the Pure Chloroform, which is only put up in one-half ounce packages. Ask to see it.

GAS EXPLOSION
Practically a Whole Street in Brooklyn Falls Into Sewer
New York, Nov. 21—More than 20 persons are believed to have lost their lives as a result of the explosion of a gas main at Gold and Front streets, Brooklyn, late Friday.
Practically the whole street from stoop line to stoop line, between Gold and Front street, was tumbled into a bottom sewer excavation, in which a score were working, and a number of persons who were walking along the street are believed to have been carried down.
Fifty tenement houses on the block are in such danger of falling into the trench that the occupants have been ordered out by the police.
The streets are filled with wailing women and children who have been unable to get any word from relatives who were known to be in the vicinity when the explosion came. At least one woman and three little girls are said by the police to have been swallowed up in the cavern which followed the explosion.
Fire followed the explosion, and it was feared that those under the earth and timber who might have escaped death from injuries or from suffocation would be burned alive.
A remarkable feature of the accident was the way in which four carpenters managed to save themselves. These were Arthur Strand, Frank, Joseph John Cain and a man whose name was not recalled.

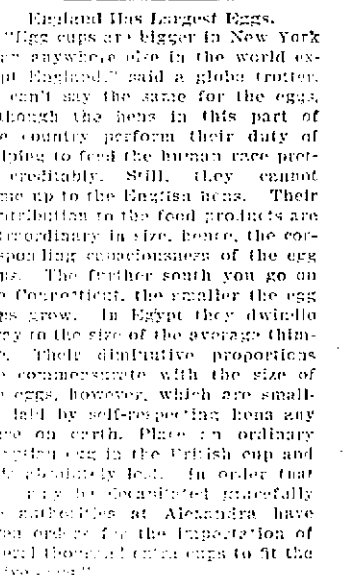
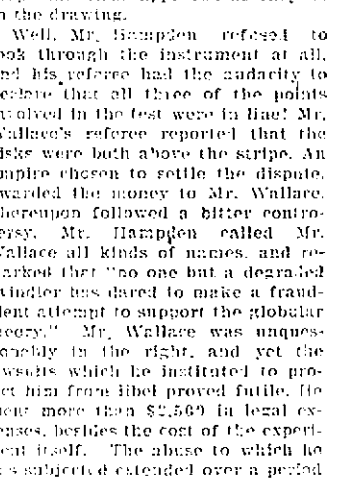
THE GIRL WITH THE AUBURN HAIR
Is on the outside package of every bottle of Parisian Sage. Should you forget the name simply ask for the package with "the girl with the Auburn hair" upon it.
And what a wonderful sale Parisian Sage has made for itself in America in a little over a year. And what a multitude of people have been cured of falling hair, dandruff and itching scalp by its use.
And how the American women praise Parisian Sage for its peculiar ability to turn harsh, faded, lusterless hair into fresh, beautiful, silky and lustrous hair in a few days.
Parisian Sage is today the favorite hair dressing and tonic of discerning Americans, not because of sensational methods of advertising, but because it is the only hair restorer that will do just what it is advertised to do. It kills the dandruff germ and cures dandruff in two weeks. It doesn't grow the hair back, it keeps it from falling out. It will give you your money back. "I had been troubled with dandruff for five years, but since using Parisian Sage I have not been bothered with it. I only used one half bottle when I noticed the dandruff disappearing. I consider it the best hair tonic I ever used."
—Mrs. C. B. Norton, 459 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 10, 1902.
If you haven't tried Parisian Sage get a bottle today. It is a delightful dressing. The price is only 50 cents a large bottle at Goodwin & Philbrick's or direct, all charges prepaid, by the American makers, Groux Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

PARISIAN SAGE
was known to his fellow workmen only as John. When the crash came they were at work near the mouth of the uncompleted section of the sewer. Strand, in telling of his experience, said:
"Our only chance of escape was through the uncompleted section of the sewer that led to the river. So we jumped for it. The explosion had broken the water main and the water came rushing down upon us. It was dark all about, and we stumbled over blocks of wood and other things that had not yet been cleared away. All the time the water was rising.
"When we got about a block and a half along the pipe we saw an open manhole and began to shout. We got no answer, and as we had no ladder we could not reach the manhole, so we scrambled along again towards the river front. The water by this time was up to our waists.
"When we got to the river, from we found a bulwark there that had been built to keep the river water from coming in. We climbed up this, and from the top of it to the pier. The water was up to our necks when we reached the bulwark, and had we been a minute later in getting there we would all have been drowned."
The explosion tore the street in places for rods on either side, and the 12 men who were working in an excavation for a big sewer pipe, were buried by the debris which fell in upon them and are believed to have been buried to death in the fire that followed the explosion.
Samuel Trout, who lived near the scene lost his life in attempting to save a woman who was passing through Gold street at the time of the explosion and fell into the trench. Trout was caught by the flames from the blazing gas main. The woman was dragged out of the trench and saved by a boy.
The workmen were digging a trench through Gold street for the installation of a 36-inch sewer pipe. The excavation was to be nearly 40 feet deep, and as the laborers removed the earth the walls had been shored up by large timbers. With Charles Schindler, a city inspector in overalls, overseeing the work, the men were working at the bottom of the trench when an accumulation of gas from a main which had been accidentally broken during the work exploded with tremendous force.
The supporting timbers were piped away and the high dirt walls tumbled over on Schiffmeier and Leinen. A large water main also was broken by the force of the explosion, and a torrent of water began to spurt up through the mass of wreckage.
Almost side by side with these scattering graves reared the flames from the gas which poured from the broken main. Firemen and workmen from the city water department and the gas company worked desperately in an effort to check the flow of gas and water and to relieve the men who had been imprisoned.
An employee of the gas company who was sent to turn off the gas was arrested and charged with homicide, although it was not known that he had anything to do with the accident. These men who had been hanging about the scene before the explosion were also taken into custody on suspicion.
Mayor Hackett will leave on Monday for Boston where he is scheduled to speak at the conference of the New England governors.

A NUMISMATIC MYSTERY
Templeton Reid Was Known Only by His Coins.
ARE EXCEEDINGLY RARE
He Struck Gold Pieces in Georgia in the 30's and Later in California—Of the Latter Issue Only Two Specimens Remain—The Former Also Very Rare.
There are many coins which have a romantic interest for the collector on account of their historical associations, and yet others which have an equal interest because little if anything can be learned of their origin. To the latter class belong the coins issued by Templeton Reid as a rager, who struck gold pieces of various denominations at his private minting establishment near the gold mines in Lumpkin county, Georgia, in 1830.
While the denominations of these coins and their designs are definitely known, next to nothing has ever been learned about Templeton Reid. All that is known is that in 1829 when the gold mines of Georgia were beginning a not inconsiderable production of the gold production of the United States he conducted an assaying and minting establishment at which gold coins of the denominations of \$2.50, \$5 and \$10 were struck.
Scarcest of the Reid coins is the ten dollar piece dated 1830. On the obverse it bears the denomination and the inscription "Ten dollar Reid Assayer" while the reverse shows the words "Georgia Gold" surrounded by a circle of stars. The gold pieces of this denomination, struck in 1830, 1831, 1832 and 1833 weighed 248 grains, were of a fineness of .912 and had an intrinsic value of \$10.36. There is one other variety of this denomination undated, but of equal rarity with the dated specimens.
The only specimen of the ten dollar piece now known is in the mint collection at Philadelphia, where it has been preserved through the foresight of former United States Assayer Dabbs, who was instrumental in organizing the collection of coins at the Philadelphia Mint.
Next in rarity comes the five dollar piece, also dated 1830. This specimen was brought \$555 at one of the low sales a couple of years ago. It is probably the only specimen definitely located with the exception of one in the mint collection.
The three dollar denomination, that of \$2.50, showed the same design as the five and ten dollar pieces. It weighed 69.12 grains and was of a fineness of .932, with an intrinsic value of \$2.43. A couple of hundred dollars would be needed now to buy one of the Reid's gold pieces.
After he ceased coining in 1833 nothing more is heard of Reid until 1840, when it happened that he removed his claims and machinery to California, where gold had just been discovered. There he struck gold coins of the denomination of ten and twenty-five dollars.
The California issues of Templeton Reid now exceed those of his Georgia mint in point of rarity. So far as is known there is no existence but a single specimen of each denomination and these, like the earlier issues of Reid's Georgia mint, owe their preservation to Mr. Dabbs.
From appearance the coins were struck from California gold without artificial alloy, and the value of the ten and the twenty-five dollar piece was respectively about .975 and \$24.50. The ten dollar piece differed greatly in design from any of the coins issued by other private establishments. On the obverse around the extreme edge are three concentric lines close together. In the center of a wide field is the date, "1840," and around the border just inside the circles is inscribed "Templeton Reid Assayer." On the reverse in the center of the field enclosed in three lines similar to those on the obverse, are the words: "Ten Dollars," and around the inner edge of the circles "California at the top and "Gold" at the bottom.
The twenty-five dollar piece was unique not only in design but in denomination, as no other coin of an equivalent value was ever issued in this country. It shows a single line around the obverse border inside of which is an unmounted circle similar to that on the borders of some of our present silver coins. Around this inside the circle is "Templeton Reid Assayer." At the top is the denomination in Roman numerals "XXV," surrounded by a dollar mark, and below is the date 1840.
The reverse has the same kind of unmounted border as the obverse, at the top being the word California in a curve, below which is the value "Twenty-five." Still further below is a diamond shaped ornament with the words Dollars and Gold at the extreme bottom.
Careful investigation in California fails to bring to light the slightest scrap of information regarding Reid. It is not known even where his plant was located. Those who are interested in his history as connected with his coin issues would almost conclude that he never went to California but for the existence of the two gold pieces which were struck in California gold, about which metal there are distinguishing features which positively identify it.

SEA REVEALS PIRATE HOARD
Portuguese Fishing Village Endangered by Atlantic Grows Rich.
The inhabitants of Pardelha, a tiny fishing village on the Portuguese coast some distance south of Lisbon, have been growing rich of late on what seems to have been the hidden plunder of some long forgotten pirate band. Some of them have gathered in as much as \$1,000 worth of treasure.
That part of the coast of Portugal is suffering from the encroachments of the ocean. Many houses have been undermined in the last few years and have had to be abandoned. Sometimes big slices of dry land slip off into the Atlantic on a stormy night and the people wake up to find all landmarks changed.
This is what happened a couple of weeks ago in a tale. The waves washed far in over the upland and carried away vast masses of the upper soil, leaving the shelving beach a couple of hundred feet wider than it had ever been before. A fisherman walking along the edge of the strand saw something glistening in the slope and rooting it out of the ground found it was an ancient silver cup. He dug some more and found quantities of scattered gold and silver coins.
When the news got around the village the whole population turned out to dig. They found still more money all dating back to the end of the seventeenth and beginning of the eighteenth centuries. There were rings and brooches, crucifixes and jeweled chateaus, jeweled sword handles and table plate. Nobody knows just how much the treasure amounted to, since the fisherfolk hid it as fast as they secured it, and when official inquiries were made every one denied his own share.
They are still digging, however, and an occasional find is made. The sea seems to have broken up the hoard and distributed its contents over many acres of beach. Objects are picked up as far as low water mark, and some are doubtless washed back again time to time from deep water.
It is believed that the treasure represents plunder from Spanish coast towns. It is said that long ago there were numerous bands of Portuguese coast pirates who committed depredations on a considerable scale both at sea and on shore and when Portugal was at peace with Spain they were obliged to be very careful and hide their plunder. From time to time other hoards of the same sort have been discovered. When this collection was buried, no doubt, the spot was far enough from the water's edge to be regarded as safe for all time.
A Muff Bed
A man who ran on a sign the words "Muff Beds" and imagined that a muff bed must be something to sleep in, a brother or cousin or other more or less distant relation of the sleeping bag such as explorers carry with them, found upon inquiry that his imagination had carried him very far from the truth. That the muff bed is in fact, not a bed at all, but the trade name for the inner part of a muff—in short, the part you put your hands in. The muff bed consists of a double walled bag made in cylindrical or other shape, according to the style of muff, and then stuffed with down, the quality and quantity of the down depending on the character of the muff. The making of muff beds is a business by itself. Some of them are sold to the furriers in the simplest form, just the bed or bag stuffed with down, the furrier putting in the silk or satin lining which he puts on the fur. Others are made with the silk or satin lining fitted attached to be finished when the fur is to be put on. Like any other thing, muff beds must be made in advance to have them ready, and so there are now being manufactured many muff beds that will in due time be made up into muffs to be sold next winter. There is at least one concern in New York that makes a specialty of muff beds and turns out many thousands of them annually.
A Texas Cyclone Vortex
J. F. Turner of Hamilton county said it was riding horseback across the country and passed through the town of Magellan where it took direction. After dinner I started toward Waco, and had a hard time on account of high water.
"At about 5:30 p. m. I was a few miles from Chilton when I found a cyclone coming near, and I galloped away from it as fast as my horse would carry me. Presently I found that it had passed me and I sat on the bow of a hill and watched its course. It was coming along much debris and when it struck the Bosque river it sucked up all the water, leaving the bed of the river practically empty. It crossed the Bosque obliquely and the water took out of the bed of the stream was carried upward in a column which appeared to me about 500 feet high. The most remarkable part of the phenomenon was that it had torn up by the roots a big tree and the tree was on top of the column of water. It was like a plume. When the column of water broke the tree went sailing on and fell about a quarter of a mile from where it was taken up. Dallas News.

CURVATURE OF THE EARTH.
Conclusive Testimony Which Gave Rise to a Lawsuit.
A recent discussion in "Science" of ways to demonstrate the curvature of the earth, called out an interesting reminiscence from a correspondent. Less than forty years ago, an Englishman, John Hampden, wagered \$2,500 that the convexity of any inland water surface could not be proved. The challenge was accepted by a distinguished man of science, Alfred Russel Wallace.
He selected for his experiment a six-mile stretch of canal. On one side of a bridge he fastened a sheet, six feet long and three feet high, in the middle was a horizontal black stripe. The general arrangement is shown in the accompanying drawing. On another bridge (six miles away) was mounted a small telescope for sighting. This was placed at exactly the same height as the stripe. Half way between the two was a pole on which were two red disks, four feet apart. The uppermost was adjusted at the same height above the water as the telescope and black stripe. Viewed through the telescope the disks appeared as they do in the drawing.
Well, Mr. Hampden refused to look through the instrument at all, and his referee had the audacity to declare that all three of the points involved in the test were in line! Mr. Wallace's referee reported that the disks were both above the stripe. An umpire chosen to settle the dispute, awarded the money to Mr. Wallace. Thereupon followed a bitter controversy. Mr. Hampden called Mr. Wallace all kinds of names, and remarked that "no one but a degraded swindler has dared to make a fraudulent attempt to support the 'global theory'." Mr. Wallace was unquestionably in the right, and yet the lawsuit which he initiated to protect him from libel proved futile. He spent more than \$2,500 in legal expenses, besides the cost of the experiment itself. The abuse to which he was subjected extended over a period of fifteen or twenty years.
England Has Largest Eggs.
"Egg cups are bigger in New York than anywhere else in the world except England," said a globe trotter. "I can't say the same for the eggs, although the hens in this part of the country perform their duty of laying to feed the human race pretty creditably. Still, they cannot come up to the English hens. Their contribution to the food products are extraordinary in size, hence, the corresponding smallness of the egg cups. The further south you go on the Continent, the smaller the egg eggs grow. In Egypt they dwindle away to the size of the average chick-lins. Their diminutive proportions are commensurate with the size of the eggs, however, which are smaller laid by self-respecting hens any place on earth. Place an ordinary English egg in the British cup and it is obviously lost. In order that the egg should be decorated gracefully the authorities at Alexandria have issued orders for the importation of several thousand extra cups to fit the native eggs."
The Story Teller of Naples.
The story teller thrives in Naples, as there are no many others there. He collects a little crowd around him and passes on the most dramatic and gesticulating wildly and working his face into the most convulsing expressions, says the Delinquent, to relate a series of adventures or other events, much to the edification of his hearers, who, to show their appreciation, are often betrayed into giving a son, which might have been better spent for bread or potatoes. The public letter writer is another street sign of importance, and in great demand, especially with timid and nervous souls of all work, who have themselves neglected to learn the art of writing.
What is "Handle Power?"
In speaking of the brightness of an electric lamp or a particular gas there is a customary way to say that it has four or six or eight or sixteen "candle power." As candles vary so much in size, material and brilliancy, one might think that they could not be adopted as a standard of comparison for other lights. However, if a uniform style is employed, the meter becomes more simple. In the United States and Great Britain, candle power is made with sperm candles, burning at the rate of 120 grains an hour and having a flame 1.76 inches high. France uses a standard candle, and Germany one of pure tallow.
The Unanswered query.
What the average newspaper reader would like to know is how he can build one of those \$1,500 bungalows for about \$2,500.



THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

MINIATURE ALMANAC
NOVEMBER 21.SUNRISE, 6:13; MOON RISES 10:40 A. M.
SUNSETS, 4:43; FULL MOON, 19:49 P. M.
LENGTH OF DAY, 10:25New Moon, Nov. 29, 4h. 55m., evening, W.
First Quarter, Nov. 30, 4h. 45m., evening, E.
Full Moon, Dec. 1, 4h. 40m., evening, E.
Last Quarter, Dec. 15, 4h. 12m., evening, W.

CITY BRIEFS

Miss Grace George will please both the fit and the gallery.

Have your shoes repaired at John Mott's, 34 Congress street.

The crew of the U. S. S. Maine is now very nearly up to the regular number.

The Herald prints the news and is not the personal organ of any clique.

Salads and salad dressing made to order at No. 1 Depot avenue. Prices reasonable.

The advance sale for Grace George went on sale at the Music Hall box office at 7:30 this morning.

Grace George will score the highest bit of any attraction that we have had in Portsmouth for many seasons.

In all probability the Grace George engagement next Tuesday night will be the one best bet of the Music Hall season.

Why pay \$4 for funeral hacks when you can get them of Best Wood for \$3? See that your undertaker orders them of Wood.

There is only one place for a good time on Wednesday evening, that is at the hall of the Franklin Pierce Veteran Firemen's Association.

It is imperative that additional work be secured for the yard before January first or there will be no way of preventing a wholesale discharge.

Liquor Commissioners Cyrus Little and John Kivel were here on Friday. They had expected to be witnesses in a liquor case, but the case was not called.

The board of inspector and survey, headed by Rear Admiral T. C. McLean, left for Washington on Friday evening, having completed their survey of the Maine.

Portsmouth Orchestral Club: Edwin C. Cary, conductor; Grand Concert, Freeman's Hall, Thursday evening, Dec. 3. Marie Kaula, Stone of Boston, contralto; Miss Ruth Stickney of Boston, violin soloist. Tickets 50 cents. 121

The Portsmouth Coal Company, recently organized, which has taken over the coal business, wharf and other property of the late Arthur W. Walker has been incorporated and held its first meeting on Friday and elected officers consisting of president, vice president, clerk and a board of directors.

Any skin itching is a temper-tor. The more you scratch the worse it itches. Doan's Ointment cures eczema, any skin itching. At all drug stores.

WINSTON CHURCHILL

Has No Desire to Be Naval Secretary

But He Might Become Minister to Spain or Ambassador to the Italian Court

According to dispatches from Nashua, when William Howard Taft climbs into the President's chair at Washington next March he will not be embarrassed by any desire on the part of Col. Winston Churchill of Coniston to be secretary of the navy. Mr. Churchill is one of the very few original Taft men in New Hampshire. He is not averse to keeping in the public eye. He firmly believes that the best class of Americans young men should do their part in American public life. But he doesn't want to be secretary of the navy.

Winston Churchill wants to keep right on writing books. The navy portfolio would interfere with his literary work. His New Hampshire admirers, therefore, look to see him placed abroad, as Washington Irving was placed, and William Dean Howells and other notables in American letters.

The minister to Spain or the ambassadorship to Italy is said to be nearly the description of the honor that President-elect Taft will bestow upon the author of "Richard Carvel" and "Mr. Crow's Garden."

Because Mr. Churchill is a graduate of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, the uniformed have taken it for granted that his ambition is towards the navy department. There is no good ground for this supposition. Mr. Churchill quit the navy when he left the academy.

NAVY YARDS HERE AND AWAY

Contract Awarded

The contract for rebuilding the boilers in the central power plant at the navy yard has been awarded to the Babcock and Wilcox Company of New York, who will fix up the steam generators at an expense of \$9,700.

The Sailors Were There

Every sailor in the engineer's division of the U. S. S. Badminton attended the wedding ceremony at St. John's church today on invitation of their superior officer, Lieut. Horace Scudder Klyce, who was united in marriage to Miss Etheldreda D. Hovey at noon. Lieut. Klyce is engineer officer of the ship.

Experts on Finger Prints

Members of the Boston police department experts on finger prints were called to the yard recently to

Your Christmas List

With doubtless be started soon. In making that list think that there will surely be at least one place where one of the exquisite new

Copley Prints

will fit in nicely. Our stock of these delightfully perfect reproductions is considerably larger than we have heretofore carried, and we invite your critical examination.

H. P. Montgomery

Sole Agent

6 Pleasant Street

Opp. Postoffice

give testimony on the same before the court-martial board.

More Workmen Called

Today the labor board called ten more general helpers required in the department of construction and repair.

Apprentice Called

Edmund Whalley of Bennett street has been called for work as an apprentice shipwright in construction and repair.

Expecting to Sail Today

The dispatch boat Dolphin is expected to sail this afternoon or tonight.

Sterling Going to Move

The collier Sterling, now in reserve at the navy yard, Boston, has been ordered placed in full commission. The orders previously issued to the Dolphin directing the vessel to proceed to Washington, to arrive by Nov. 25, have been revoked.

Labor Union Kicks

Labor unions have filed a protest against the department of construction and repair, which they claim employed laborers to do some of the work of painting on the battleship Maine and other vessels.

The department claims there is no kick coming to the men as it called every man on the list and took all the merchandise in this line available. The next best thing was laborers and laborers went to work.

Not Coming Very Fast

The last call to twenty-five general helpers from the list brought only eight men who cared to go to work for the government.

They Don't Run Away

It is said that the monitor Wyoming has one of the happiest and most contented crews of any vessel that has ever been in the Maine Island yard. The reason for this is attributed to the fact that the Wyoming is an oil burner and that the crew is spared the arduous duty of coaling ship, which is so tedious to many

men in the service. According to the men, if oil burning proves to be a success in the navy and is adopted on all the vessels it will go a long way towards lessening the number of desertions.

It is reported that 50 per cent. of the desertions from the service have been traced directly to the coaling ship problem, which is detested by officers and men alike. No matter what precautions are taken the coal dust penetrates to nearly every portion of the ship. Vessels using oil for fuel are not troubled in this way and the officers and men alike find life more pleasant.

Marines Leaving the Ships

Orders were issued Nov. 19 to the embark the 120 marines on the New Hampshire wherever the ship might happen to be. The same day orders were issued to send 120 of the marines on the Pacific fleet to Bremerton and 120 to Mare Island. Two of the vessels of the Pacific fleet will drop 120 of their marines at Oahu.

It is expected that within thirty days all marines will be removed from the third division of the Atlantic fleet. No orders will be issued as to the marines on the battleship fleet until the return of the fleet to home waters.

WILL START TOMORROW

New Track From Boston and Maine to Lead to Coal Docks

The section crew of the Boston and Maine railroad will start tomorrow on the work of putting in the spur track from the Eastern division just east of the Green street crossing to the wharf of the Portsmouth Coal Company, off Market street.

HOUSE WARMING MONDAY NIGHT

The Portsmouth Catholic Union will dedicate their new quarters on Monday evening next. All actual and prospective members are cordially invited. Addresses will be made by prominent men, including Mayor White of Dover. A pleasing entertainment will be given and refreshments served.

BOYNTON RENOMINATED

By Republicans in Ward Two On Friday Evening --- A Good Selection

Councilman Harry E. Boynton was renominated by the Republicans of Ward Two at their caucus held on Friday evening in the Court house on State street.

The caucus was called in order by Mr. Harry E. Boynton and the renomination of Mr. Boynton as ward councilman was unanimous.

The nomination of Mr. Boynton is a decided compliment to that efficient city official on the part of the members of his party in his ward, for this will make his fourth term of office. In that time Mr. Boynton has done more work for the city than any person that has ever held the office.

He has given his time in every way for the advancement of the city's interest and has been responsible in a great measure for putting the city's finance in its present condition. Mr. Boynton has not completed some of the plans that he has formulated for the interest of the city and the citizens irrespective of party want to see him retain his office until he has completed his good work. His election on December eighth is assured.

The U. S. S. Dolphin was detained at the navy yard while her steering quadrant was being repaired. She is scheduled to sail at slack water this afternoon.

"All's Wrong"

when the stomach is out of order. Food disagrees, head is confused, bowels are sluggish, the liver torpid and the nerves unstrung. Get your stomach right, and pull yourself together with a dose or two of

Beecham's Pills

Nature's remedy for all those sick conditions that affect the digestive organs. A reliable medicine for acute indigestion, dyspepsia, heartburn, acid stomach, constipation and bilious attacks. Beecham's Pills act promptly, and restore healthy tone to the organs. A few doses, as needed, and

"All's Right"

In boxes with full directions 10c. and 25c.

BOYS' OVERCOATS

Cool weather is with us. If the boy is to have a new Overcoat this season get it now.

Whether he's a small chap or a big fellow just verging on manhood, we can put a swell Overcoat on his back that will keep him warm and make you proud that you've such a fine looking son.

We've many novelties in fabric and make up that you'll not find at other stores.

Boys' Overcoats \$3, \$4, \$5 to \$12.

F. W. LYDSTON & CO.

Strictly Fresh Eggs

From Eliot, Kittery and York.

FULL LINE OF TEA!

38c Coffee 29c Pound

C.A. TOWLE,

40 CONGRESS STREET

TRY A CUP OF HOT COFFEE SERVED FREE EVERY SATURDAY

Fall Woolens

in all the latest shades.

Fall Overcoatings, Fancy Vestings and Trousers

ARMY AND NAVY TAILORING.

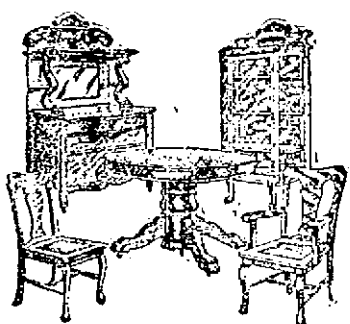
CHARLES J. WOOD

5 PLEASANT STREET
TELEPHONE

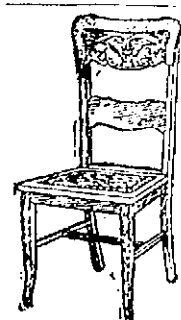
GREAT ANNUAL THANKSGIVING SALE

OF HIGH GRADE AND MEDIUM PRICED
DINING ROOM FURNITURE

At Prices That Can't Help From Pleasing



This 9 Piece Dining Set, Complete
4 Chairs and 1 Arm, golden quartered oak, 1 China Closet, large size, golden quartered oak, 1 1/2 ft. Pedestal Table, round, golden quartered oak, 1 Sideboard or Buffet, golden quartered oak, regular price \$75.00, sale price 49.95



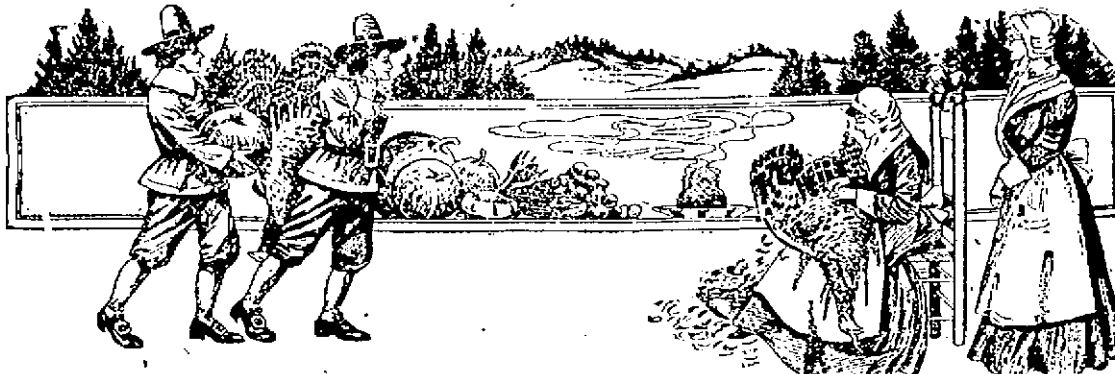
DINING CHAIRS
Extra heavy oak chairs, regular price 1.25, sale price 87c
Large Golden Quartered oak chairs, regular price 2.25, sale price 1.17
Heavy Quartered oak, box seat chairs, regular price 3.55, sale price 2.45

Heavy Quartered oak, box seat chairs, slip leather seats, 6.00 value, sale price 3.95
About 22 other styles in slip leather seats ranging in price from 1.50 to 12.00

Extension Tables



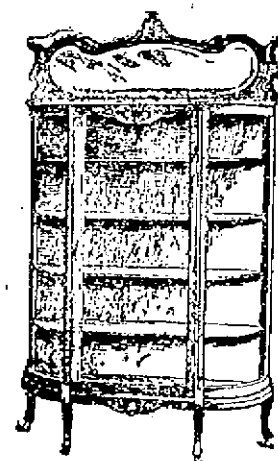
Extension Tables in solid oak, 6 ft. extension, regular value 7.00, sale price 4.70
Massive solid oak, 6 ft., extension square, regular value 12.50, sale price \$7.75
Massive solid oak, 8 ft., extension square, regular value 18.00, sale price \$11.48
Large round Pedestal Tables, solid quartered oak, regular value 16.00, sale price 9.45
Large round Pedestal Tables, solid quartered oak, (like cut) 18.00, sale price \$11.25



Never before have we been in a position to offer the people such extraordinary values as to be found in this sale, not only due to the fact that this department is crowded to its fullest capacity and we are having goods arrive daily, crisp and new from the factory, therefore we must have more room.

We have on our floors about 35 Extension Tables, price from \$15.00 to \$60.00. Every article advertised in this sale is exactly as represented. All goods new and highly polished and cannot be matched in New England at the price.

THE PORTSMOUTH FURNITURE CO.



CHINA CLOSETS

Extra large golden quartered oak, highly polished, would be considered a bargain at \$15.00, sale price 13.48
Large Size China Closet, Mirror on top, like cut, regular value 20.00, sale price \$14.95
Full size China Closet, leaded glass front, \$21.00 value, this sale \$15.45
Large and massive China Closet, with French plate mirror, in back, regular price \$22.00, sale price \$16.50

SIDEBOARDS AND BUFFETS

\$22.00 Buffets Golden Quartered oak, sale price 14.98
\$24.00 Buffets Golden Quartered oak, sale price 16.50
\$30.00 Buffets Golden Quartered Oak, sale price 21.00
\$12.00 Buffets Solid Mahogany Colonial 27.50
Large Massive Sideboards, 20.00 value, sale price 13.75
25 others from 16.00 to 25.00